(d) the details of the location of those organisations in Orissa?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF WELFARE (SMT. SUMATI ORAON): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir.

(c) There were two voluntary organisations in Orissa which were sanctioned grant-in-aid under the Central scheme of Aid to Voluntary Organisations for the welfare of Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes. The total amount of grant-in-aid given to these organisations during the last three years was Rs. 3.61,722.

(d) 1. Ramakrishna Mission Ashrama, Puri (Orissa).

2. Thakkar Bapa Ashram, Nimakhandi, District Ganjam, Orissa.

Setting up of Vanaspati plants in Orissa

2619. SHRI JAGADISH JANI: Will the Minister of FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government propose to set up a Vanaspati Plant at Phulabani in Orissa;

(b) if so, the steps taken to implement the above proposal; and

(c) what are the other places selected in Orissa to set up Vanaspati Plants?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI D. L. BAITHA): (a) and (b) No, Sir. The application for setting up a vanaspati plant at Phulabani in Orissa was examined and was, *prima-facie*, rejected.

(c) Proposals for setting up vanaspati plants at Balasore, Khurda, Bolangir, Kalahandi and Phulabani have been received.

Import of Pulses

2620. SHRI M. A. BABY: Will the Minister of FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) the quantities of pulses imported during the current year;

(b) whether it is a fact that the American Pea and Lentil Council has been allowed to promote its products in India on a large scale;

(c) if so, the reasons thereof and the details of their future project; and

(d) what will be its effects in the price of pulses?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI D. L. BAITHA): (a) The import of pulses is allowed under Open General Licence. National Agricultural Cooperative Marketing Federation of India Ltd. (NAFED) is the registering agency for import contracts of pulses as per import-export policy. The quantity of different pulses registered for import, for the year 1988-89 (upto 31.10.88), with NAFED is 7,69,504 MTs.

(b) and (c) Any agency has to import pulses according to the import policy of the Government, in operation.

(d) Import of pulses will increase the availability in the domestic market, which is expected to have a favourable impact on their prices.

Potable Water Supply to Gautampuri and Brahmpuri

2621. SHRI SUNIL KUMAR PATTNAIK: Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the residents of Zafarabad Colony, Delhi-110053 in the eastern part of the Union Territory of Delhi, have been provided with potable water facility, whereas the residents of Gautampuri and Brahmpuri colonies have not been provided with potable water

facility and a number of representations have been submitted to the Lt. Governor of Delhi and the Commissioner of the Municipal Corporation of Delhi by the Committee of the citizens of Gautampuri and Brahmpuri Delhi-110053, but nothing has been done in the matter so far;

(b) if the answer to part (a) above be in the affirmative, whether there is any proposal to provide potable water facility to the common citizen in the current year; and

(c) if so, what are the details thereof and by when the said facility is likely to be made available?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI DALBIR SINGH): (a) to (c) It has been reported by the Delhi Water Supply & Sewage Disposal Undertaking that Zafrabad, Brahmpuri and Gautampuri are regularised unauthorised colonies. According to the extent policy, potable water supply in such colonies is given on initial payment of 10 per cent of the development charges involved in the laying of water mains. Estimates for providing internal water supply in these colonies has been framed but beneficiaries have not yet deposited initial 10 per cent cost of the estimated development charges. A few public water hydrants from rising main have been provided in Zafrabad colony as an exceptional case but no individual connections have been given.

AIR and Doordarshan advertising agencies in States

2622. SHRI M. A. BABY: Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have received any representation from the advertising agencis or their associations against the new registration/accreditation rules for advertising agencies with AIR and Doordarshan:

(b) if so, the details thereof and the response of Government towards their demands;

(c) whether Government have taken note of the default in payment by some agencies and the action taken thereafter; and

(d) the State-wise break up of AIR and Doordarshan advertising agencies and the work undertaken by them during the last three years and default committed by them?

THE MINISTER OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND MINISTER OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI H. K. L. BHAGAT): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) So, far as Doordarshan is concerned, the demands of the advertising agencies are mainly regarding reductions in the capital base and minimum business with Doordarshan for grant of accreditation status and amount of bank guarantee. The amount of paid-up capital has already been reduced by 50 per cent.

So far as All India Radio is concerned, the main point raised by the Radio and TV Advertising Practitioners' Association (RAPA) is that the new policy of accreditation for advertising agencies would wipe out small agencies. This contention of the Association is not correct as under the new regulations the earlier differential rate of commission has been dispensed with to the advantage of small agencies. Now both the accreditated and non-accreditated agencies are entitled to a 15 per cent commission.

(c) The default in payment by the agencies is constantly and closely monitored. Action against the defaulters is taken as provided for in the rules (i) interest @ 18 per cent per annum is charged on all payments received late; (ii) in case of non-payment of long priods, the credit facility is withdrawn and bookings are not accepted till all outstanding payments are cleared. The bank guarantee can also be encashed, if necessary. As a last resort legal proceedings are initiated for recovering Government dues.